

Crisis External Advisory Committee Meeting

02/07/2024 9:00 - 10:00 AM

Division of Mental Health, Developmental Disabilities, and Substance Use Services (DMHDDSUS)

Agenda

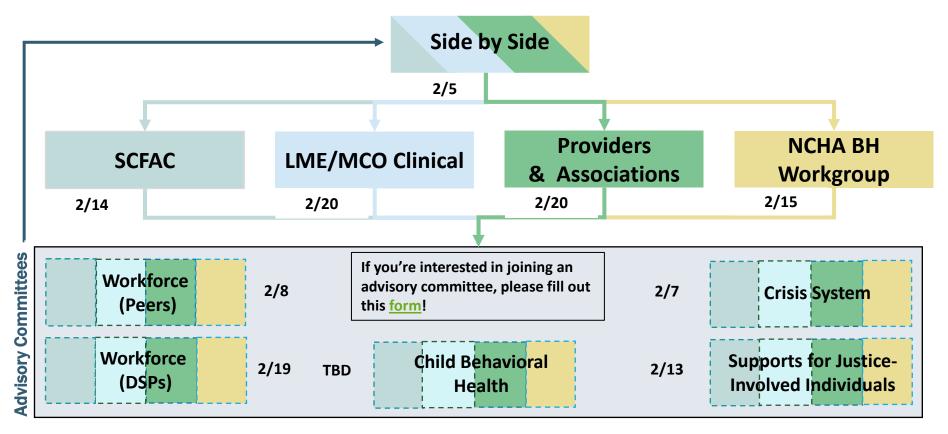
- Community Collaboration Model
- Introductions
- Discussion/Data Gathering
 - Non-Law Enforcement Transportation (NLET) Program Design
 - Mobile Outreach, Response, Engagement, & Stabilization (MORES) for Children and Adolescents

DMH/DD/SUS Community Collaboration Model



February Community Collaboration

Topic: Workforce (Peer Support)



Introductions

Crisis System Advisory Committee Membership (1/4)

Providers				
Name	Organization			
Amanda Johanson	Triangle Springs			
Ashley Sparks	Alexander Youth Network			
Barbara-Ann Bybel	UNCH			
Benjamin Horton	Veterans Services of the Carolinas - ABCCM			
Brianne Winterton	Coastal Horizons			
Carson Ojamaa	Children's Hope Alliance			
Christine Beck	UnitedHealth Group			
Corie Passmore	TLC			
Dave Jenkins	Cone Health			
Elizabeth Barber	Threshold, Inc.			
Glenn Simpson	ECU Health			
Heather Hicks	Anuvia Prevention & Recovery Center			
Jill Hinton	Licensed Psychologist			
Joel Maynard	NCPC			
Kirsten Smith	Children's Hope Alliance			
Lisa Goins	Addiction Recovery Care Association Inc.			
Luwanda Smith Daniels	Alternative Behavioral Solutions Inc.			
Margaret Hunt	Youth Villages			
Micah Krempasky	WakeMed			
Morgan Coyner	APNC			
Natasha Holley	Integrated Family Services, PLLC			
Nicholle Karim	NC Healthcare Association			
Paula Bird	Novant Health			
Peggy Terhune	Monarch			
Rachel Crouse	Coastal Horizons Center, Inc.			

Crisis System Advisory Committee Membership (2/4)

Providers				
Name	Organization			
Russell Rainear	Private EOR			
Ryan Edwards	CBCare			
Ryan Estes	Coastal Horizons			
Samuel Pullen	Novant Health			
Sarah Huffman	RHA			
Sarah Roethlinger	Youth Focus, Inc.			
Tammy Margeson	The Hope Center for Youth and Family Crisis/Kidspeace			
Teri Herman	SPARC			
Tisha Jackson	Abound Health			
Trish Hobson	The Relatives			

LME-MCOs		
Name	Organization	
Brian Perkins	Alliance	
🛧 🛛 Barbara Hallisey	Eastpointe*	
Sabrina Russell-Holloman	Sandhills*	
Liza Go-Harris	Partners	
★ 🛛 Benita Hathaway	Trillium	
Cindy Ehlers	Trillium	
Annette Daugherty	Trillium	
Tina Weston	Vaya	
Laurie Whitson	Vaya	
Lesley Jones	Vaya	

*Waiting on new LME/MCO post-consolidation

Crisis System Advisory Committee Membership (3/4)

Consumer and Family Advisory Committee		
Name	Organization	
April DeSelms	SCFAC	
Bob Crayton	Vaya CFAC	
Johnnie Thomas	SCFAC	
Patty Schaeffer	SCFAC	

Community Partners			
Name	Organization		
Anthony Marimpietri	NAMI - Orange County		
Dawn Koonce	Murdoch Development Center		
Gayle Rose	UNCG - Center for Youth, Family and Community Partners		
Michele Chassner	The Hope Center for Youth and Family Crisis/Kidpeace		
Naglaa Rashwan	UNCG		
Nancy Keith	ECU Health		
Shagun Gaur	Autism Society of North Carolina		
Sherri McGimsey	NAMI		

Crisis System Advisory Committee Membership (4/4)

Internal/Consultants			
Name	Organization		
Elliot Krause- Lead	DMHDDSUS		
Kelly Crosbie	DMHDDSUS		
Charles Rousseau	DMHDDSUS		
Saarah Waleed	DMHDDSUS		
Lisa DeCiantis	DMHDDSUS		
Tanya Thacker	DMHDDSUS		
Erica Asbury	DMHDDSUS		
Jessie Tenenbaum	DHHS		
Hannah Harms	DHHS		
Sandy Terrell	DHB		
Renee Clark	DHHS Office of Rural Health		
Jocelyn Guyer	Manatt		
Ashley Traube	Manatt		
Erica Brown	Manatt		
Ahimsa Govender	Manatt		
Jacob Rains	Manatt		
Garrick Prokos	Accenture		
Essie Santillano	Accenture		
Mary Ambrosino	Accenture		

Housekeeping

We encourage those who are able to turn on cameras use reactions in Teams to share opinions on topics discussed, and share questions in the chat.



North Carolina's BH Crisis System Part 3

Behavioral Health Budget Provisions

\$131M is going towards crisis across SFY23-25

Provision	FY24	FY25
Crisis System (e.g. mobile, FBCs)	\$30M	\$50M
Crisis Stabilization (short-term shelter)	~\$3M	~\$7M
Non-Law Enforcement Transportation Pilot Program	\$10M	\$10M
BH SCAN	\$10M	\$10M
Justice-Involved Programs (re-entry, diversion, and capacity restoration)	\$29M	\$70M
Behavioral Health Workforce Training	~\$8M	\$10M
NC Psychiatry Access Line (NC PAL)	~\$4M	~\$4M
Behavioral Health Rate Increases	\$165M	\$220M
State Facility Workforce Investment	\$20M	\$20M
Electronic Health Records for State Facilities		\$25M
Child Welfare and Family Well-Being	\$20M	\$60M

Crisis

North Carolina's Crisis Continuum

Someone to Call



- 988
- Peer Warm Line (<u>coming</u> <u>FEB 2024!</u>)

Someone to Respond



- Mobile Crisis Team Response
- MORES

Somewhere to Go



- Behavioral Health Urgent Care (BHUC)
- Facility Based Crisis (FBC)
- Peer and Community Respite
- NCSTART

Non-Law Enforcement Transportation (NLET) Overview

- Many individuals currently experiencing a mental health crisis are placed under involuntary commitment (IVC) – even if they are willing to receive treatment voluntarily – to secure transport from law enforcement.
- Law enforcement provides transport when someone is under an IVC order in most counties.
- Law enforcement involvement in transportation, especially the use of handcuffs, can be traumatic and stigmatizing for patients.

North Carolina seeks to implement a *recovery-oriented* model for transportation as an alternative to law enforcement for these services.

Non-Law Enforcement Transportation (NLET) Program Design Approach

Overview

- DMH/DD/SUS will use \$10 million in funding to pilot a NLET program for:
 - Adults, children and adolescents requiring transportation on a voluntary basis or on IVC after the first exam between facilities and clinics (e.g., from an emergency department to a facility-based crisis center)
 - Individuals in crisis that need transportation upon discharge from a facility
- This program will be piloted in a select regions

Goals

- Provide trauma-informed, person-centered treatment that de-stigmatizes behavioral health care
- Reduce the number of IVCs
- Help inform and align with the state's IVC modernization project to update 122C statutory requirements and state policies

Non-Law Enforcement Transportation (NLET) Program Discussion Questions (1 of 2)

- What is the experience of individuals requiring transportation between crisis facilities?
- To what extent are caregivers allowed to accompany children and adolescents during transportation between facilities?

Non-Law Enforcement Transportation (NLET) Program Discussion Questions (2 of 2)

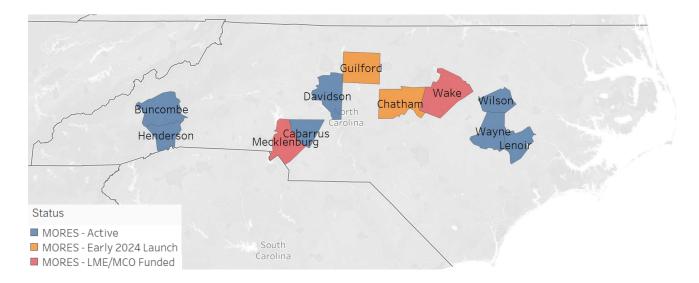
- What NLET options are currently available for individuals who need transportation across settings of care?
- What NLET options are currently available for individuals who need transportation following discharge from an inpatient or crisis facility?
- What recommendations do you have for the state for its NLET pilot (e.g., eligibility, staffing, timeframes, types of vehicles, accompaniment)?

Mobile Outreach, Response, Engagement, & Stabilization (MORES) Overview

- MORES is a team-based crisis response and follow-up intervention for children and adolescents experiencing escalating emotional and/or behavioral needs and their families
- Provided by a licensed clinician and a family support partner in coordination with a psychiatrist for consultations
- Provides immediate telephonic support to the child/adolescent and/or their support system
- MORES teams help stabilize children and adolescents in community settings by providing follow-up care for 2-4 weeks

Mobile Outreach, Response, Engagement, & Stabilization (MORES)

- DMH/DD/SUS-funded MORES programs operate in seven counties and will expand to two more this year.
- Alliance provides a similar MORES service in each of their counties that only serve Medicaid and state-funded service recipients.



MORES Outcomes

MORES in NC (7/1/23-12/23/23: DMH/DD/SUS funded teams only):

- 106 total clients
- 460 face-to-face visits
- 1,761 phone and video calls to families for support and services
- Outcome data is still preliminary

MORES-like programs in other states:

- Connecticut saw a 25% reduction in ED visits among children who used a comparable program compared to children who did not use the program
- Avert ED visits, admission into restrictive treatment settings, unnecessary court involvement, and declines in functioning for children and youth

MORES Discussion Questions (1 of 2)

- How do MORES teams interact with mobile crisis teams?
- How are they integrated with other crisis services?
- How do community members find out about MORES teams?
- Do community members know them? Trust them?

MORES Discussion Questions (2 of 2)

- Where are MORES referrals coming from (e.g., 988, 911, LME-MCOs, emergency departments, DSS, schools, providers)?
- Where are there opportunities for improvement to this service?